

Pumps 101

A Short Overview of Pumps



Our Presenter Steve Sinks

Steve Sinks is an Account Manager with Orenco Systems[®], Inc., a wastewater equipment manufacturing firm based in Sutherlin, Oregon. In this role, he works with our dealers and distribution partners to familiarize them with Orenco's products, assist them with logistics, and help them grow their market. He also helps train internal staff and assists the Sales Department with customer interactions.

Previously, Steve was the Senior Pump Technician and Pump Purchaser for Orenco. In 2000, he started with the company in electronics assembly before transitioning to custom control panels and then customer service. Prior to joining Orenco, Steve gained experience with controls systems in the U.S. Marine Corps and at the Department of Defense, where he developed and tested several types of guidance software for aircraft.



Overview

- History
- Basics
- Selection
- Pump Curves
- Troubleshooting
- Pump Repairs
- War Stories
- Do's and Don'ts



40+ Year History: Centrifugal Effluent Pumps





40+ Year History: Centrifugal Turbine Pumps





Centrifugal Pumps in Use Today

- Multiple-stage, high-head pumps
- Single-stage, low-head pump, 3/4" or smaller solids
- Sewage pump, solids 3/4" to 2"
- Grinder pump, produces a slurry (cutter blades)



Basic Differences

Single-Stage (Low-Head)



Multi-Stage (High-Head)



VS.



Impeller Concept



In a pump, impellers create centrifugal force, and the velocity energy is converted to pressure energy.



Impellers and Stages





Pump Considerations



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Pump Considerations



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Electrical Considerations

Cable Size

Regulations

Capacitor Packs

YONK GR

POWER PHASE

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Total Dynamic Head (TDH) Requirements



Pump curves show how various pump models perform (measured in Total Dynamic Head).



- The pump is often guilty until proven innocent.
- The pump gives you clues.
- Check the most obvious things first.
- Pull the pump and test/inspect it.
- Controls
- Incoming power



• Testing the motor for Franklin 2-wire motors

MOTOR	NAMEPLATE	NAMEPLATE	LINE-TO-LINE
MODEL	HORSE	VOLTS	RESISTANCE
PREFIX	POWER		OHMS
244504	1/2	115	1.0 - 1.3
244505	1/2	230	4.2 - 5.2
244507	3/4	230	3.0 - 3.6
244508	1	230	2.2 - 2.7
244509	1 1/2	230	1.5 - 1.9

If OHM values are normal, the motor windings are neither shorted nor open. If OHM value is less than normal, the motor or lead is shorted. If OHM value is greater than normal, the motor or lead has a poor connection.



Generator Use

~ Must be sized to overcome motor start-up torque

Motor Rating *		Minimum Rating of Generator			
HP KW		Externally Regulated		Internally Regulated	
	KW	KVA	KW	KVA	
0.37	3.0	3.75	2.25	2.85	
0.55	4.5	5.70	3.00	3.75	
0.75	6.0	7.50	3.75	4.69	
1.10	7.5	9.38	4.50	5.70	
	KW 0.37 0.55 0.75 1.10	KW Externally 0.37 3.0 0.55 4.5 0.75 6.0 1.10 7.5	KWExternally RegulatedKWKVA0.373.00.554.50.756.01.107.59.38	KWExternally RegulatedInternallyKWKWKVAKW0.373.03.752.250.554.55.703.000.756.07.503.751.107.59.384.50	

* These ratings are for Orenco pumps utilizing Franklin Electric 2-wire motors.



• Guides are available.

Trouble Shooting Guide/Form For Orenco High Head Pumps					
Pump Model #:	Date of Installation:	Application:			
Customer Name:	Initiated By:	RGA#:			
* Also refer to the "Pump Troubles	hooting Tips" document, DCN SIN-OM-TIPS-1				
Problem	Check	Corrective Action			
Motor will not start but					
Cause: Papel Alarm	Redundant off float in down position and/	Correct alarm condition(s)			
Condition	or sand filter high level alarm?	Correct alarm condition(s).			
Cause: No Voltage	No voltage at float switch?	Replace faulty float switch			
cause. No voltage	No voltage at control panel?**	Rewire supply to control panel.			
	Cable or splices bad?	Consult licensed electrician or serviceman.			
	Control panel incorrectly wired?	Reconnect control panel correctly.			
	Bad Motor Contactor?***	Replace Motor Contactor			
overload protector trips when motor starts. Cause: Wire size to small Cause: Low or high voltage	Verify correct wire size? Check that line voltage is within +/- 3% of voltage, 120V/240V, while motor is	Install correct wire size. If voltage variation is greater then +/- 3%, call power company to adjust voltage.			
Cause: Broken wire in control nanel	Examine all connections and wiring in	Disconnect power and repair or replace faulty			
Cause: Pump or motor stuck or binding.	Check for locked rotor in pump.	If necessary, pull pump (make all possible above ground checks first). If pump is locked, replace it. Clean tank before reinstalling pump.			
Circuit breakers trip or overload protector trips when motor is running.		_			
Cause: Low or high voltage	Check that line voltage is within +/- 3% of voltage 120V/240V while motor is	If voltage variation is greater then +/- 3%, call			
	running.**	Ferrer company to adjust ronage.			
Compliant	temperature of control box	Do not mount control box in direct sunlight			



High-Head Pump, Field or Shop Repairs

- You can change out ...
 - ~ Motor
 - ~ Cord
 - ~ Liquid end
 - ~ Stack (rotating assembly)
- You can clean ...
 - ~ Pump screen
 - ~ Pump internals (rotating assembly)
- Maintain a log of all installations, repairs and cleaning.



High-Head Pump, Field or Shop Repairs









Abused and Neglected Pump





Damage Due to Abrasives





Lightning Damage





Corrosion Cracks Due to Salt Water





Blind Screen





Debris in a Pump





Grease-Filled Liquid End





Crusted and Blocked Impellers





Pump Performance Report





How to Increase Pump Life

- Low-head <u>and</u> high-head
 - ~ Use proper screen
 - ~ Control MLL (measured relative to bottom of pump)
 - ~ Avoid frequent starts
 - ~ Provide proper power
 - ~ Use check valves properly
 - ~ Perform regular inspections, service, and maintenance



How to Increase a Pump's Life

- Additionally, for high-head ...
 - ~ Avoid upthrust/downthrust
 - ~ Use flow control disc, if needed
 - ~ Avoid abrasives
 - ~ Use a flow inducer to keep motor cool



Return Good Authorization Process (RGA)





Do ...

- Correctly size the pump
- Use flow control disc (if needed)
- Match pump to application
- Use proper controls
- Perform preventive maintenance



Don't ...

- Neglect your pump, filter or valves
- Lift the pump by its cord
- Rapid cycle the pump
- Use pump discharge plumbing as float hanger
- Compromise on quality



Summary

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